	Vocal Music	Number of Instructional
Unit 1	Rhythm and Beat	Days 10 (integrated throughout the year)
Unit 2	Melody and Vocal Production	10 (Integrated throughout the year)
Unit 3	Form	10 (Integrated throughout the year)
Unit 4	<u>Instruments</u>	10 (Integrated throughout the year)

Vocal Music Grade: 1

Unit 1: Rhythm and Beat

Unit Overview: In the First Grade rhythm and beat unit, students will continue to discover music has a steady beat and identify that the beat can be fast and/or slow tempo. Students will identify the difference between rhythm and beat, identify and create rhythm patterns, and use standard rhythmic notation for quarter note (ta), eighth note (ti-ti), and quarter rest (rest). Also, understanding rhythmic notation can help students make connections to early literacy.

New Jersey Student Learning Standards

1.3.A.2.Cr - Creating

- **1.3A.2.Cr1a:** Explore, create and improvise musical ideas using rhythmic and melodic patterns in various meters and tonalities.
- **1.3A.2.Cr2a:** Demonstrate and explain personal reasons for selecting patterns and ideas for music that represent expressive intent.
- **1.3A.2.Cr2b:** Use iconic or standard notation and/or recording technology to organize and document personal musical ideas.
- **1.3A.2.Cr3a:** Interpret and apply personal, peer and teacher feedback to revise personal music.
- **1.3A.2.Cr3b:** Convey expressive intent for a specific purpose by presenting a final version of musical ideas to peers or informal audience.

1.3.A.2.Pr - Performing

- **1.3A.2.Pr4a:** Demonstrate and explain personal interest in, knowledge about, and purpose of varied musical selections.
- **1.3A.2Pr5a:** Apply established criteria to judge the accuracy, expressiveness and effectiveness of performance.
- **1.3A.2Pr5b:** Rehearse, identify and apply strategies to address interpretive, performance and technical challenges of music.
- **1.3A.2.Pr5c:** Demonstrate knowledge of basic music concepts (e.g. tonality and meter) in music from a variety of cultures selected for performance.
- **1.3A.2.Pr5d:** When analyzing selected music, read and perform rhythmic and melodic patterns using iconic or standard notation.
- **1.3A.2.Pr5e:** Demonstrate understanding of basic expressive qualities (e.g., dynamics, tempo) and how creators use them to convey expressive intent.
- **1.3A.2.Pr6a:** Perform music for a specific purpose with expression and technical accuracy.
- **1.3A.2.Pr6b:** Perform appropriately for the audience and purpose.

1.3.A.2.Re - Responding

- 1.3A.2.Re7a: Demonstrate and explain how personal interests and experiences influence musical selection for specific purposes.
- **1.3A.2Re7b:** Describe how specific music concepts are used to support a specific purpose in music.
- 1.3A.2Re8a: Demonstrate basic knowledge of music concepts and how they support creators'/performers' expressive intent.
- **1.3A.2.Re9a:** Apply personal and expressive preferences in the evaluation of music.

1.3.A.2.Cn - Connecting

- **1.3A.2.Cn10a:** Demonstrate how interests, knowledge and skills relate to personal choices and intent when creating, performing and responding to music. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a, 1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)
- **1.3A.2Cn11a:** Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a,

Enduring Understandings

1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)

Essential Questions

Anchor Standard 1: Generating and conceptualizing ideas.

1. The creative ideas, concepts and feelings that influence musicians' work emerge from a variety of sources.

Anchor Standard 2: Organizing and developing ideas.

2. Musicians' creative choices are influenced by their expertise, context and expressive intent.

Anchor Standard 3: Refining and completing products.

3. Musicians evaluate and refine their work through openness to new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate criteria.

Anchor Standard 4: Selecting, analyzing, and interpreting work.

4. Performers' interest in and knowledge of musical works, understanding of their own technical skill, and the context for a performance influence the selection of repertoire.

Anchor Standard 5: Developing and refining techniques and models or steps needed to create products.

5. To express their musical ideas, musicians analyze, evaluate and refine their performance over time through openness to new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate criteria.

Anchor Standard 6: Conveying meaning through art.

6. Musicians judge performance based on criteria that vary across time, place and cultures. The context and how a work is presented influence audience response.

Anchor Standard 7: Perceiving and analyzing products.

7. Individuals' selection of musical works is influenced by their interests, experiences, understandings, and purposes. Response to music is informed by analyzing context (e.g., social, cultural, historical) and how creator(s) or performer(s) manipulate the elements of music.

Anchor Standard 8: Interpreting intent and meaning.

products.

8. Through their use of elements and structures of music, creators and performers provide clues to their expressive intent.

Anchor Standard 9: Applying criteria to evaluate

Grade 1 Scope and Sequence for Vocal Music 1. How do musicians generate creative ideas?

- 2. How do musicians make creative decisions?
- 3. How do musicians improve the quality of their creative work?
- 4. How do performers select repertoire?
- 5. How do musicians improve the quality of their performance?
- 6. When is a performance judged ready to present? How do context and the manner in which musical work is presented influence audience response?
- 7. How do individuals choose music to experience? How does understanding the structure and context of music inform a response?
- 8. How do we discern the musical creators' and performers' expressive intent?

9. The personal evaluation of musical work(s) and performance(s) is informed by analysis, interpretation, and established criteria.

Anchor Standard 10: Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experiences to create products.

10. Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

Anchor Standard 11: Relating artistic ideas and works within societal, cultural, and historical contexts to deepen understanding..

11. Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

9. How do we judge the quality of musical work(s) and performance(s)?

10. How do musicians make meaningful connections to creating, performing, and responding?

11. How do the other arts, other disciplines, contexts, and daily life inform creating, performing, and responding to music?

Unit Goals	Teaching Points
Rhythm and Beat	Perform rhythms with the teacher as the leader and the class/soloist as the echo.
Knyinm ana baa	With teacher guidance, create rhythm patterns at various tempi.
	Perform as a class and a soloist a steady beat using various tempi
	Perform and identify the difference between steady beat and unsteady beat.
	Perform and identify the difference between steady beat and rhythm.
	Perform rhythm patterns identifying the difference between ta, ti-ti, rest.
	Perform songs using steady beat and rhythms to vary dynamic levels (loud and)
	quiet).
	Reflect/self-critique acquired rhythmic skills alone and as a group.
	• Listen to various examples of rhythm from different cultures and historical periods.

Skills (Students will be able to...)

When Creating...

- The elements of music are foundational to basic music literacy. Students will use appropriate terminology when creating/improvising rhythms.
- Create musical phrases in response to a teacher prompt (i.e. call and response/improvisation with teacher guidance)
- Create short rhythms using a steady pulse and at various tempi.

When Performing...

- Identify fast and slow tempi.
- Identify and keep a steady beat
- Echo, clap and/or play various rhythms.
- Identify long, short, and quiet sounds
- Identify dynamics appropriate to the style of music.
- Play a steady beat with dynamics (i.e., loud and quiet) on an Orff instrument using a two mallets.

- Read and perform combinations of quarter notes, two eighths and quarter rests by clapping and counting using Kodály Rhythm Syllables and using standard notation.
- Use appropriate terminology when describing rhythm.

When Responding...

• Self and group-critique of acquired rhythmic skills

When Connecting...

• Respond to rhythms from various listening examples of indifferent styles, cultures and genres.

Social Emotional Learning Competencies (https://selarts.org/)

SELF

• SELF-AWARENESS

- 01.EE.Recognize and name different types of positive and negative emotions.
- o 03.EE.Identify one's likes and dislikes.
- o 03.EE.Identify challenges or situations where one may need help.
- o 03.EE.Recognize things that make one feel good about who they are .

SELF-MANAGEMENT

- o 06.EE.Idenitfy simple steps needed to perform a routine, task or accomplish a goal.
- o 07.EE.With adult encouragement, make multiple attempts to meet a goal.

OTHERS

SOCIAL-AWARENESS

- o 09.EE.Recognize that people are alike and different.
- o 10.EE.Begin to recognize that people have different points of view.
- 11.EE.With adult support, be able to identify manners used in social situations (i.e. taking turns, listening to the speaker)

• RELATIONSHIP SKILLS

• 13.EE.Utilize "active listening" skills.

DECISION-MAKING

• RESPONSIBLE DECISION-MAKING

• 18.EE.Can make simple choices about activities without adult support.

Evidence of Learning (Assessments) Accommodations and Modifications Formative Assessments: Special Education Music Class Participation Rubrics (See Rubrics Section of Document) Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, Daily Music Challenge & Mainstream Learners) Oral/Verbal Responses to Teacher Questions/Instruction Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications Informal Observations of Student Musical Response Curricular Modifications and Guidance for Students Educated in Self-Assessment/Student Reflection Special Class Settings Differentiation: Preview content and concepts

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- rough drafts for each project
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- Clubbing activities
- Exploration by interest
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- Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners)
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Core Instructional and Supplemental Materials Professional Resources:

Core Instructional, Supplemental, Instructional, and Intervention Resources

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- SongWorks (songworkseducators.org)
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- Teachers may wish to stick with "what they know," or use some combination of the above. Either way, they are encouraged to become familiar with diverse approaches to music education.

Supplemental Professional Resources:

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- Guitar
- Piano
- CD Player/Speaker System
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- Soprano/Alto Glockenspiels
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- Various unpitched percussion instruments
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- RtI Intervention Bank
- Fundations Double-Dose (Tier II)
- LLI (Tier III)
- FFI Skill Report: DRA On-Line
- enVisioninterventionsupports NJDOE resources

Interdisciplinary Connections

This is where you make any connections that lend itself to the curriculum. See example.

- Correlates to routines unit in math, rules and community units in social studies Identify classroom routines in other subject areas: math, science, and social studies.
- In Social Studies discuss routines in the community
- Companion standards:
 - CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.K.4
 - o CCSS.Math.Content.K.CC.B.4
 - o 7.1.NM.C.2

Integration of Technology through NJSLS

- Create a word study word sort in Inspiration.
- Listen to books on CDs, tapes, videos or podcasts if available.
- Listen to books on websites (pbskids.org/lions/index.html, storylineonline.net, storyit.com, Elementary Connections Page)
- Use a document camera or overhead projector for shared reading of texts.

8.2 Technology Education, Engineering, Design, and Computational Thinking - Programming	
Integration of 21st Century Themes	Media Literacy Integration
See example. Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Information Literacy Media Literacy Life and Career Skills Global and Environmental Awareness Problem Solving Skills Personal Literacy Business Initiative and Self Direction Manage Goals and Time Work Independently Be Self-directed Learners	 Ask students to look for specific things when they view videos or read print material, and then ask questions about those items Build on the intuitive knowledge students have gained from media about the story and character Clarify the distinction between fiction and nonfiction in different types of media reporting on the same topic Use print materials to practice reading and comprehension skills
Career Education	Global Perspectives
(Integrated into the curriculum the opportunity to acquire information about career interests or advanced courses) (Field trips, list free online courses, skype an author or scientist, specialized programs). 9.1 Personal Finance Literacy 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation	 National Hispanic-Latino Heritage Month National Disability Employment Awareness Month National American Indian Heritage Month Black History Month National Women's History Month, National Irish-American Heritage Month National Italian American Heritage Month Asian Pacific American Heritage Older Americans' Month Jewish American Heritage Month Week of Respect Red Ribbon Week International Dot Day (September 16)

Vocal Music Grade: 1

Unit 2: Melody and Vocal Production

Unit Overview: In the First Grade melody and vocal production unit, the students will learn that proper vocal production/vocal production requires an understanding of basic anatomy and the physical properties of sound. Students will demonstrate developmentally appropriate vocal production/vocal placement and breathing techniques. Students will perform and echo songs on pitch gaining a better understanding of melodic contour and expressive qualities found in music. Students will perform songs, as individuals and in groups, using proper head voice, posture, breathing techniques, and vocal techniques to vary dynamic levels.

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- **1.3A.2.Cr2a:** Demonstrate and explain personal reasons for selecting patterns and ideas for music that represent expressive intent.
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- **1.3A.2.Cr3b:** Convey expressive intent for a specific purpose by presenting a final version of musical ideas to peers or informal audience.

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- **1.3A.2.Pr4a:** Demonstrate and explain personal interest in, knowledge about, and purpose of varied musical selections.
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- 1.3A.2.Pr6a: Perform music for a specific purpose with expression and technical accuracy.
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- **1.3A.2.Cn10a:** Demonstrate how interests, knowledge and skills relate to personal choices and intent when creating, performing and responding to music. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a, 1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)
- **1.3A.2Cn11a:** Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a,

Grade 1	Scope and	Sequence for	Vocal Music

1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)			
Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions		
Anchor Standard 1: Generating and conceptualizing ideas. 1. The creative ideas, concepts and feelings that influence musicians' work emerge from a variety of sources.	1. How do musicians generate creative ideas?		
Anchor Standard 2: Organizing and developing ideas. 2. Musicians' creative choices are influenced by their expertise, context and expressive intent.	2. How do musicians make creative decisions?		
Anchor Standard 3: Refining and completing products. 3. Musicians evaluate and refine their work through openness to new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate criteria.	3. How do musicians improve the quality of their creative work?		
Anchor Standard 4: Selecting, analyzing, and interpreting work. 4. Performers' interest in and knowledge of musical works, understanding of their own technical skill, and the context for a performance influence the selection of repertoire.	4. How do performers select repertoire?		
Anchor Standard 5: Developing and refining techniques and models or steps needed to create products. 5. To express their musical ideas, musicians analyze, evaluate and refine their performance over time through openness to new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate criteria.	5. How do musicians improve the quality of their performance?		
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Anchor Standard 9: Applying criteria to evaluate products.

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Anchor Standard 10: Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experiences to create products.

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10. How do musicians make meaningful connections to creating, performing, and responding?

11. How do the other arts, other disciplines, contexts, and daily life inform creating, performing, and responding to music?

Unit Goals	Teaching Points
Melody and Vocal Production	 With teacher guidance, create/improvise in response to a teacher prompt. Perform on pitch, and echo songs with the teacher as the leader and the class/soloist as the echo. Perform in proper head voice within the range of C4 – B4. Perform and identify La-Sol-Mi-Do in proper head voice. Perform songs using proper posture in sitting and standing positions. Perform songs using proper breathing techniques for phrasing and tone production. Perform songs using proper vocal techniques to vary dynamic levels. Reflect/self critique acquired melodic skills and vocal production. Listen to and perform various examples of songs from different cultures, holidays, and historical periods.

Skills (Students will be able to...)

When Creating...

- Create musical phrases in response to a teacher prompt (i.e. call and response and improvisation)
- Create/improvise patterns that demonstrate melodic contour.
- Use appropriate terminology when creating melody and vocal production

When Performing...

- Read, sing or play various combinations of la-sol-mi from a two to three line staff.
- Continue to identify melodic direction as up or down.
- Sing using correct solfege syllables (la, sol, mi) using Curwen hand signals in moveable Do.
- Sing in treble clef and continue to develop vocal technique including development of the head
- voice.
- Read and perform dynamics while singing using appropriate dynamics to the style of the music.
- Demonstrate progress in matching pitch.
- Develop a repertoire of songs.

When Responding...

• Self and group-critique of acquired vocal and melodic skills.

• Critique the performance by the class or of a recording of a call and response song that allows the response to be created by the singer.

When Connecting...

- Sing songs from a variety of cultures, historical periods, and genres.
- Identify the common theme of children's songs from different countries (e.g., songs about learning the alphabet, how to count, naming colors, animals, singing games).
- Identify the characteristics of patriotic music from different countries (e.g., This is My Country, Something to Sing About Canada).
- Compare and contrast musical elements, the purpose of the selection and why the songs can be considered patriotic...

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- o 03.EE.Identify one's likes and dislikes
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• RELATIONSHIP SKILLS

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• RESPONSIBLE DECISION-MAKING

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- Listen to books on CDs, tapes, videos or podcasts if available.
- Listen to books on websites (pbskids.org/lions/index.html, storylineonline.net, storyit.com, Elementary Connections Page)
- Use a document camera or overhead projector for shared reading of texts.

8.2 Technology Education, Engineering, Design, and Computational Thinking - Programming	
Integration of 21st Century Themes	Media Literacy Integration
See example. Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Information Literacy Media Literacy Life and Career Skills Global and Environmental Awareness Problem Solving Skills Personal Literacy Business Initiative and Self Direction Manage Goals and Time Work Independently Be Self-directed Learners	 Ask students to look for specific things when they view videos or read print material, and then ask questions about those items Build on the intuitive knowledge students have gained from media about the story and character Clarify the distinction between fiction and nonfiction in different types of media reporting on the same topic Use print materials to practice reading and comprehension skills
Career Education	Global Perspectives
(Integrated into the curriculum the opportunity to acquire information about career interests or advanced courses) (Field trips, list free online courses, skype an author or scientist, specialized programs). 9.1 Personal Finance Literacy 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation	 National Hispanic-Latino Heritage Month National Disability Employment Awareness Month National American Indian Heritage Month Black History Month National Women's History Month, National Irish-American Heritage Month National Italian American Heritage Month Asian Pacific American Heritage Older Americans' Month Jewish American Heritage Month Week of Respect Red Ribbon Week International Dot Day (September 16)

Vocal Music Grade: 1

Unit 3: Form

Unit Overview: In the First Grade Form unit, students will come to understand that music has structure. Students will discover that music is composed of smaller and larger components that can be arranged to create patterns. Students will develop an understanding of how to manipulate patterns to represent musical form.

New Jersey Student Learning Standards

1.3.A.2.Cr - Creating

- **1.3A.2.Cr1a:** Explore, create and improvise musical ideas using rhythmic and melodic patterns in various meters and tonalities.
- **1.3A.2.Cr2a:** Demonstrate and explain personal reasons for selecting patterns and ideas for music that represent expressive intent.
- **1.3A.2.Cr2b:** Use iconic or standard notation and/or recording technology to organize and document personal musical ideas.
- **1.3A.2.Cr3a:** Interpret and apply personal, peer and teacher feedback to revise personal music.
- **1.3A.2.Cr3b:** Convey expressive intent for a specific purpose by presenting a final version of musical ideas to peers or informal audience.

1.3.A.2.Pr - Performing

- **1.3A.2.Pr4a:** Demonstrate and explain personal interest in, knowledge about, and purpose of varied musical selections.
- **1.3A.2Pr5a:** Apply established criteria to judge the accuracy, expressiveness and effectiveness of performance.
- 1.3A.2Pr5b: Rehearse, identify and apply strategies to address interpretive, performance and technical challenges of music.
- **1.3A.2.Pr5c:** Demonstrate knowledge of basic music concepts (e.g. tonality and meter) in music from a variety of cultures selected for performance.
- **1.3A.2.Pr5d:** When analyzing selected music, read and perform rhythmic and melodic patterns using iconic or standard notation.
- **1.3A.2.Pr5e:** Demonstrate understanding of basic expressive qualities (e.g., dynamics, tempo) and how creators use them to convey expressive intent.
- 1.3A.2.Pr6a: Perform music for a specific purpose with expression and technical accuracy.
- **1.3A.2.Pr6b:** Perform appropriately for the audience and purpose.

1.3.A.2.Re - Responding

- 1.3A.2.Re7a: Demonstrate and explain how personal interests and experiences influence musical selection for specific purposes.
- **1.3A.2Re7b:** Describe how specific music concepts are used to support a specific purpose in music.
- **1.3A.2Re8a:** Demonstrate basic knowledge of music concepts and how they support creators'/performers' expressive intent.
- **1.3A.2.Re9a:** Apply personal and expressive preferences in the evaluation of music.

1.3.A.2.Cn - Connecting

- **1.3A.2.Cn10a:** Demonstrate how interests, knowledge and skills relate to personal choices and intent when creating, performing and responding to music. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a, 1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)
- **1.3A.2Cn11a:** Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a,

1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)

Enduring Understandings

Essential Questions

Anchor Standard 1: Generating and conceptualizing ideas.

1. The creative ideas, concepts and feelings that influence musicians' work emerge from a variety of sources.

Anchor Standard 2: Organizing and developing ideas.

2. Musicians' creative choices are influenced by their expertise, context and expressive intent.

Anchor Standard 3: Refining and completing products.

3. Musicians evaluate and refine their work through openness to new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate criteria.

Anchor Standard 4: Selecting, analyzing, and interpreting work.

4. Performers' interest in and knowledge of musical works, understanding of their own technical skill, and the context for a performance influence the selection of repertoire.

Anchor Standard 5: Developing and refining techniques and models or steps needed to create products.

5. To express their musical ideas, musicians analyze, evaluate and refine their performance over time through openness to new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate criteria.

Anchor Standard 6: Conveying meaning through art.

6. Musicians judge performance based on criteria that vary across time, place and cultures. The context and how a work is presented influence audience response.

Anchor Standard 7: Perceiving and analyzing products.

7. Individuals' selection of musical works is influenced by their interests, experiences, understandings, and purposes. Response to music is informed by analyzing context (e.g., social, cultural, historical) and how creator(s) or performer(s) manipulate the elements of music.

Anchor Standard 8: Interpreting intent and meaning.

products.

8. Through their use of elements and structures of music, creators and performers provide clues to their expressive intent.

Anchor Standard 9: Applying criteria to evaluate

Grade 1 Scope and Sequence for Vocal Music 1. How do musicians generate creative ideas?

- 2. How do musicians make creative decisions?
- 3. How do musicians improve the quality of their creative work?
- 4. How do performers select repertoire?
- 5. How do musicians improve the quality of their performance?
- 6. When is a performance judged ready to present? How do context and the manner in which musical work is presented influence audience response?
- 7. How do individuals choose music to experience? How does understanding the structure and context of music inform a response?
- 8. How do we discern the musical creators' and performers' expressive intent?

9. The personal evaluation of musical work(s) and performance(s) is informed by analysis, interpretation, and established criteria.

Anchor Standard 10: Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experiences to create products.

10. Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

Anchor Standard 11: Relating artistic ideas and works within societal, cultural, and historical contexts to deepen understanding..

11. Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

9. How do we judge the quality of musical work(s) and performance(s)?

10. How do musicians make meaningful connections to creating, performing, and responding?

11. How do the other arts, other disciplines, contexts, and daily life inform creating, performing, and responding to music?

 Create a story to accompany a piece of program music (i.e. The Hall of the Mountain King by Edvard Grieg). The story should reflect the mood of the music, how and what instruments are used, tempo and other musical elements. Perform songs using vocal melodies, pitched, and unpitched percussion in call and response, AB, and ABA form. Perform and identify musical forms including echo, call and response, and same/different. Identify and perform music through movements (i.e. Part A = skip. Part B= gallop) 	Unit Goals	Teaching Points
- Identify and perform made enfough movements (i.e. rare ii - skip) rare b- ganop)	Form	 Grieg). The story should reflect the mood of the music, how and what instruments are used, tempo and other musical elements. Perform songs using vocal melodies, pitched, and unpitched percussion in call and response, AB, and ABA form.

Skills (Students will be able to...)

When Creating...

- Create musical form using patterns.
- Create a story to accompany a piece of program music (e.g., The Hall of the Mountain King by Edward Grieg). The story should reflect the mood of the music, how and what instruments are used, tempo and other musical elements.

When Performing...

- Identify the forms of call and response, verse and refrain, ABA.
- Identify an ostinato using and unpitched percussion instrument, with or without mallet.
- Identify traditional musical forms (echo, same/different phrases).

When Responding...

- Listen and respond to various forms through movement.
- Apply appropriate vocabulary when describing musical form.

When Connecting...

- Age appropriate discussion how personal experiences influence composition of musical patterns.
- Age appropriate discussion of characteristics of different rhythms in various musical selections.
- Age appropriate identification/discussion of rhythms in different historical selections. Sing and play a variety of forms and textures, including: unison, ostinato, bordun, and ABA.

• List the musical elements (e.g., dynamics, meter, melody, etc.) found in performances of seasonal songs (e.g., Halloween, winter, patriotic) and use them to make objective assessments of the appropriateness/effectiveness of the elements in conveying the intent of the song. Discuss the application and appropriateness of the musical elements employed in the song.

Social Emotional Learning Competencies (https://selarts.org/)

SELF

- SELF-AWARENESS
 - o 01.EE.Recognize and name different types of positive and negative emotions
 - o 03.EE.Identify one's likes and dislikes
 - o 03.EE.Identify challenges or situations where one may need help
 - o 03.EE.Recognize things that make one feel good about who they are

• SELF-MANAGEMENT

- o 06.EE.Idenitfy simple steps needed to perform a routine, task or accomplish a goal.
- o 07.EE.With adult encouragement, make multiple attempts to meet a goal.

OTHERS

- SOCIAL-AWARENESS
 - o 09.EE.Recognize that people are alike and different.
 - o 10.EE.Begin to recognize that people have different points of view.
 - 11.EE.With adult support, be able to identify manners used in social situations (i.e. taking turns, listening to the speaker)
- RELATIONSHIP SKILLS
 - 13.EE.Utilize "active listening" skills.

DECISION-MAKING

- RESPONSIBLE DECISION-MAKING
 - o 18.EE.Can make simple choices about activities without adult support.

Accommodations and Modifications Evidence of Learning (Assessments) Formative Assessments: Special Education Music Class Participation Rubrics (See Rubrics Section of Document) Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, Daily Music Challenge & Mainstream Learners) Oral/Verbal Responses to Teacher Questions/Instruction Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications Informal Observations of Student Musical Response Curricular Modifications and Guidance for Students Educated in Self-Assessment/Student Reflection Special Class Settings Differentiation: Preview content and concepts Behavior management plan Summative Assessments: Highlight text Small group setting Written Tests/Quizzes High-Prep Differentiation: Performance Tests/Quizzes Alternative formative and summative assessments Guided Reading Personal agendas Project-based learning Benchmark Assessments: Problem-based learning

	Grade 1 Scope and Sequence for Vocal Music
 rough drafts for each project Rubric based final project for each unit Student self-assessment Alternative Assessments:	 Stations/centers Tiered activities/assignments Varying organizers for instructions Low-Prep Differentiation: Clubbing activities Exploration by interest Flexible groupings
 Homework - extended drawing at home Presentations Verbal Critiques 	English Language Learners
	 Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners) Unit 1: Curriculum for ELL Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications Multi-language glossary Pupil edition in Spanish Vocabulary flash cards
	Students at Risk for Failure
	 Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners) Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications
	Gifted and Talented
	 Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners) Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications
	Students with 504 Plans
	 Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners) Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications

Core Instructional and Supplemental Materials Professional Resources:	Core Instructional, Supplemental, Instructional, and Intervention Resources
Core Professional Resources:	Core Instructional Resources:

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- Dalcroze (dalcrozeusa.org)
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- Kodaly (oake.org)
- Little Kids Rock (littlekidsrock.org)
- Orff (aosa.org)
- SongWorks (songworkseducators.org)
- Suzuki (suzukiassociation.org)
- Teachers may wish to stick with "what they know," or use some combination of the above. Either way, they are encouraged to become familiar with diverse approaches to music education.

Supplemental Professional Resources:

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- "Highlighting the Holidays"
- "Time for a Rhyme"
- "2nd Rhyme Around"
- "3rd Rhymes a Charm"
- "Strike it Rich"
- "As American as Apple Pie"

- Guitar
- Piano
- CD Player/Speaker System
- Soprano/Alto/Bass Xylophones
- Soprano/Alto Glockenspiels
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- Various unpitched percussion instruments
- Singing
- Audio Recordings
- Playing on Instruments
- Video Recording
- A Song Game
- Movement/Dance
- A Story
- Questions/Puzzles
- Secret Song Clues
- Ranges of Notation

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- Rhythm Syllables (Gordon, Kodaly, Takadimi, etc.)
- Echo Singing and Antiphonning
- Sibelius Software
 - Used to modify scores and notation (larger, with note names in note head, etc)
- Visual Aids
 - o Colored key dots for xylophone
 - Xylophone Diagram
 - Solfege hand signals chart
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Intervention Resources:

- Tiered Interventions following RtI framework
- RtI Intervention Bank
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- LLI (Tier III)
- FFI Skill Report: DRA On-Line
- enVisioninterventionsupports NJDOE resources

Interdisciplinary Connections

This is where you make any connections that lend itself to the curriculum. See example.

- Correlates to routines unit in math, rules and community units in social studies Identify classroom routines in other subject areas: math, science, and social studies.
- In Social Studies discuss routines in the community
- Companion standards:
 - CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.K.4
 - o CCSS.Math.Content.K.CC.B.4
 - o 7.1.NM.C.2

Integration of Technology through NJSLS

- Create a word study word sort in Inspiration.
- Listen to books on CDs, tapes, videos or podcasts if available.
- Listen to books on websites (pbskids.org/lions/index.html, storylineonline.net, storyit.com, Elementary Connections Page)
- Use a document camera or overhead projector for shared reading of texts.

8.2 Technology Education, Engineering, Design, and Computational Thinking - Programming	
Integration of 21st Century Themes	Media Literacy Integration
See example. Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Information Literacy Media Literacy Life and Career Skills Global and Environmental Awareness Problem Solving Skills Personal Literacy Business Initiative and Self Direction Manage Goals and Time Work Independently Be Self-directed Learners	 Ask students to look for specific things when they view videos or read print material, and then ask questions about those items Build on the intuitive knowledge students have gained from media about the story and character Clarify the distinction between fiction and nonfiction in different types of media reporting on the same topic Use print materials to practice reading and comprehension skills
Career Education	Global Perspectives
(Integrated into the curriculum the opportunity to acquire information about career interests or advanced courses) (Field trips, list free online courses, skype an author or scientist, specialized programs). 9.1 Personal Finance Literacy 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation	 National Hispanic-Latino Heritage Month National Disability Employment Awareness Month National American Indian Heritage Month Black History Month National Women's History Month, National Irish-American Heritage Month National Italian American Heritage Month Asian Pacific American Heritage Older Americans' Month Jewish American Heritage Month Week of Respect Red Ribbon Week International Dot Day (September 16)

Vocal Music Grade: 1

Unit 4: Instruments

Unit Overview: In the First Grade Instruments unit, students will explore classroom instruments with the intention to practice the musical skills gained in units 1-3. Students will experience a variety of activities designed to encourage proper playing technique, creativity, and musical expression. Students will explore various types of pitched (Orff) percussion instruments and unpitched percussion instruments to reinforce key concepts and create musical ideas.

New Jersey Student Learning Standards

1.3.A.2.Cr - Creating

- **1.3A.2.Cr1a:** Explore, create and improvise musical ideas using rhythmic and melodic patterns in various meters and tonalities.
- **1.3A.2.Cr2a:** Demonstrate and explain personal reasons for selecting patterns and ideas for music that represent expressive intent.
- **1.3A.2.Cr2b:** Use iconic or standard notation and/or recording technology to organize and document personal musical ideas.
- **1.3A.2.Cr3a:** Interpret and apply personal, peer and teacher feedback to revise personal music.
- **1.3A.2.Cr3b:** Convey expressive intent for a specific purpose by presenting a final version of musical ideas to peers or informal audience.

1.3.A.2.Pr - Performing

- **1.3A.2.Pr4a:** Demonstrate and explain personal interest in, knowledge about, and purpose of varied musical selections.
- **1.3A.2Pr5a:** Apply established criteria to judge the accuracy, expressiveness and effectiveness of performance.
- **1.3A.2Pr5b:** Rehearse, identify and apply strategies to address interpretive, performance and technical challenges of music.
- **1.3A.2.Pr5c:** Demonstrate knowledge of basic music concepts (e.g. tonality and meter) in music from a variety of cultures selected for performance.
- **1.3A.2.Pr5d:** When analyzing selected music, read and perform rhythmic and melodic patterns using iconic or standard notation.
- **1.3A.2.Pr5e:** Demonstrate understanding of basic expressive qualities (e.g., dynamics, tempo) and how creators use them to convey expressive intent.
- **1.3A.2.Pr6a:** Perform music for a specific purpose with expression and technical accuracy.
- **1.3A.2.Pr6b:** Perform appropriately for the audience and purpose.

1.3.A.2.Re - Responding

- **1.3A.2.Re7a:** Demonstrate and explain how personal interests and experiences influence musical selection for specific purposes.
- **1.3A.2Re7b:** Describe how specific music concepts are used to support a specific purpose in music.
- 1.3A.2Re8a: Demonstrate basic knowledge of music concepts and how they support creators'/performers' expressive intent.
- **1.3A.2.Re9a:** Apply personal and expressive preferences in the evaluation of music.

1.3.A.2.Cn - Connecting

- **1.3A.2.Cn10a:** Demonstrate how interests, knowledge and skills relate to personal choices and intent when creating, performing and responding to music. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a, 1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)
- **1.3A.2Cn11a:** Demonstrate understanding of relationships between music and the other arts, other disciplines, varied contexts, and daily life. (This Performance Expectation is embedded in the following Artistic Processes: 1.3A.5.Cr2a,

Enduring Understandings

1.3A.5.Cr3b, 1.3A.5.Pr4e, 1.3A.5.Re7a)

Essential Questions

Anchor Standard 1: Generating and conceptualizing ideas.

1. The creative ideas, concepts and feelings that influence musicians' work emerge from a variety of sources.

Anchor Standard 2: Organizing and developing ideas.

2. Musicians' creative choices are influenced by their expertise, context and expressive intent.

Anchor Standard 3: Refining and completing products.

3. Musicians evaluate and refine their work through openness to new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate criteria.

Anchor Standard 4: Selecting, analyzing, and interpreting work.

4. Performers' interest in and knowledge of musical works, understanding of their own technical skill, and the context for a performance influence the selection of repertoire.

Anchor Standard 5: Developing and refining techniques and models or steps needed to create products.

5. To express their musical ideas, musicians analyze, evaluate and refine their performance over time through openness to new ideas, persistence and the application of appropriate criteria.

Anchor Standard 6: Conveying meaning through art.

6. Musicians judge performance based on criteria that vary across time, place and cultures. The context and how a work is presented influence audience response.

Anchor Standard 7: Perceiving and analyzing products.

7. Individuals' selection of musical works is influenced by their interests, experiences, understandings, and purposes. Response to music is informed by analyzing context (e.g., social, cultural, historical) and how creator(s) or performer(s) manipulate the elements of music.

Anchor Standard 8: Interpreting intent and meaning.

products.

8. Through their use of elements and structures of music, creators and performers provide clues to their expressive intent.

Anchor Standard 9: Applying criteria to evaluate

Grade 1 Scope and Sequence for Vocal Music 1. How do musicians generate creative ideas?

- 2. How do musicians make creative decisions?
- 3. How do musicians improve the quality of their creative work?
- 4. How do performers select repertoire?
- 5. How do musicians improve the quality of their performance?
- 6. When is a performance judged ready to present? How do context and the manner in which musical work is presented influence audience response?
- 7. How do individuals choose music to experience? How does understanding the structure and context of music inform a response?
- 8. How do we discern the musical creators' and performers' expressive intent?

9. The personal evaluation of musical work(s) and performance(s) is informed by analysis, interpretation, and established criteria.

Anchor Standard 10: Synthesizing and relating knowledge and personal experiences to create products.

10. Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

Anchor Standard 11: Relating artistic ideas and works within societal, cultural, and historical contexts to deepen understanding..

11. Musicians connect their personal interests, experiences, ideas, and knowledge to creating, performing, and responding.

9. How do we judge the quality of musical work(s) and performance(s)?

10. How do musicians make meaningful connections to creating, performing, and responding?

11. How do the other arts, other disciplines, contexts, and daily life inform creating, performing, and responding to music?

Unit Goals	Teaching Points
Instruments	 With teacher guidance, create and improvise rhythm patterns and melodies on Orff Instruments with a single mallet in the C pentatonic scale at various tempi. Develop an understanding on how to play instruments. Perform using pitched and unpitched percussion instruments in songs from various cultures, singing games, and holidays.

Skills (Students will be able to...)

When Creating...

• Create/improvise rhythm patterns using body percussion, pitched percussion instruments and non-pitched percussion instruments.

When Performing...

- Playing techniques for Orff instruments develop foundational skills used for hand percussion and melodic percussion instruments.
- Playing techniques for unpitched percussion instruments such as hand drum, tambourine, shakers.
- Demonstrate the proper way to play instruments that are scraped, struck and shaken either using Orff instruments or using ordinary items from around the classroom or home (e.g., cereal boxes, canisters, plastic tubs).
- Demonstrate proper care and use of classroom instruments.
- Using do-sol, read and perform an ostinato on a pitched barred instrument using quarter notes and/or two eighth notes and/or quarter rests.
- Play on an un-pitched percussion instrument a steady beat at various tempi as indicated on a two to five line staff or in response to images that indicate a particular speed (e.g., rabbit/tortoise).
- Play a written or echoed rhythm, a steady beat, a steady beat with dynamics (i.e., loud and quiet), various tempi on an Orff instrument using two mallets or unpitched percussion instrument.
- Identify various non-pitched percussion instruments (timbre).
- Use appropriate labels when describing classroom instruments.

When Responding...

• Self and group-critique of instrumental techniques while performing rhythm, beat, and dynamics.

When Connecting...

- Age appropriate identification/discussion of timbre of various instruments in different historical and cultural selections and the feeling the music evokes.
- Age appropriate discussion how personal experiences influence creation/improvisation of musical patterns and melodies on instruments.
- Experience a variety of instrumental timbres through historical and cultural music examples.

Social Emotional Learning Competencies (https://selarts.org/)

SELF

SELF-AWARENESS

- o 01.EE.Recognize and name different types of positive and negative emotions
- o 03.EE.Identify one's likes and dislikes
- o 03.EE.Identify challenges or situations where one may need help
- o 03.EE.Recognize things that make one feel good about who they are

SELF-MANAGEMENT

- o 06.EE.Idenitfy simple steps needed to perform a routine, task or accomplish a goal.
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OTHERS

• SOCIAL-AWARENESS

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- 0 10.EE.Begin to recognize that people have different points of view.
- 11.EE.With adult support, be able to identify manners used in social situations (i.e. taking turns, listening to the speaker)

• RELATIONSHIP SKILLS

• 13.EE.Utilize "active listening" skills.

DECISION-MAKING

• RESPONSIBLE DECISION-MAKING

• 18.EE.Can make simple choices about activities without adult support.

Accommodations and Modifications Evidence of Learning (Assessments) Formative Assessments: Special Education Music Class Participation Rubrics (See Rubrics Section of Document) Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, Daily Music Challenge & Mainstream Learners) Oral/Verbal Responses to Teacher Questions/Instruction Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications Informal Observations of Student Musical Response Curricular Modifications and Guidance for Students Educated in Self-Assessment/Student Reflection Special Class Settings Differentiation: Preview content and concepts Behavior management plan Summative Assessments: Highlight text Small group setting

Grade 1 Scope and Sequence for Vocal Music High-Prep Differentiation: Written Tests/Quizzes • Alternative formative and summative assessments Performance Tests/Quizzes Guided Reading Personal agendas Project-based learning Benchmark Assessments: Problem-based learning Stations/centers Tiered activities/assignments rough drafts for each project Rubric based final project for each unit Varying organizers for instructions Student self-assessment Low-Prep Differentiation: Clubbing activities Exploration by interest Alternative Assessments: Flexible groupings Homework - extended drawing at home **English Language Learners** Presentations Verbal Critiques Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners) Unit 1: Curriculum for ELL Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications Multi-language glossary Pupil edition in Spanish Vocabulary flash cards Students at Risk for Failure Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners) Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications Gifted and Talented Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners) Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications Students with 504 Plans Differentiation for All Students (Special Needs, ESL, Gifted Learners, & Mainstream Learners) Subgroup Accommodations and Modifications

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- Guitar
- Piano
- CD Player/Speaker System
- Soprano/Alto/Bass Xylophones
- Soprano/Alto Glockenspiels
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- Various unpitched percussion instruments
- Singing
- Audio Recordings
- Playing on Instruments
- Video Recording
- A Song Game
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- A Story
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- In Social Studies discuss routines in the community
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 - o 7.1.NM.C.2

Integration of Technology through NJSLS

- Create a word study word sort in Inspiration.
- Listen to books on CDs, tapes, videos or podcasts if available.
- Listen to books on websites (pbskids.org/lions/index.html, storylineonline.net, storyit.com, Elementary Connections Page)
- Use a document camera or overhead projector for shared reading of texts.

8.2 Technology Education, Engineering, Design, and Computational Thinking - Programming	
Integration of 21st Century Themes	Media Literacy Integration
See example. Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Information Literacy Media Literacy Life and Career Skills Global and Environmental Awareness Problem Solving Skills Personal Literacy Business Initiative and Self Direction Manage Goals and Time Work Independently Be Self-directed Learners	 Ask students to look for specific things when they view videos or read print material, and then ask questions about those items Build on the intuitive knowledge students have gained from media about the story and character Clarify the distinction between fiction and nonfiction in different types of media reporting on the same topic Use print materials to practice reading and comprehension skills
Career Education	Global Perspectives
(Integrated into the curriculum the opportunity to acquire information about career interests or advanced courses) (Field trips, list free online courses, skype an author or scientist, specialized programs). 9.1 Personal Finance Literacy 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation	 National Hispanic-Latino Heritage Month National Disability Employment Awareness Month National American Indian Heritage Month Black History Month National Women's History Month, National Irish-American Heritage Month National Italian American Heritage Month Asian Pacific American Heritage Older Americans' Month Jewish American Heritage Month Week of Respect Red Ribbon Week International Dot Day (September 16)